VOL. VI. NO. 26.] GREENSBORO, N. C., JUNE 29, 1861. [WHOLE NO. 287.

THE TIMES.

JAMES W. ALBRIGHT,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Terms.

Notice to Subscribers.

To Advertisers.

THE DREAMS OF "LONG AGO."

BY T. L. HARMAN

BATTLE OF BETHEL.

OFFICIAL REPORT.

HON. J. W. ELLIS, *Governor of North Carolina:*

Sir: I have the honor to report that in obedience to orders from the Colonel commanding, I marched on the 6th inst., with my regiment and four pieces of Maj. Randolph's battery from Yorktown, on the Hampton Road, to Bethel Church, 9 miles from Hampton.

We reached there after dark, on a wet night, and slept without tents. Early on the morning of the 7th, I made a reconnoissance of the ground preparatory to fortifying. I found a branch of Back River in front and encircling our right flank — On our left was a dense and almost impassable wood, except about 150 yards of old field. The breadth of the road, a thick wood, and a narrow cultivated field, covered our rear. The nature of the ground determined me to make an enclosed work, and I had the invaluable aid of Lt. Col. Lee, of my regiment, in its plan and construction. Our position had the inherent defect of being *commanded* by an *immense* field immediately in front of it, upon which the masses of the enemy might become deployed. Presuming an attempt would be made to carry the bridge across the stream, a battery was made for its especial protection, and Maj. Randolph placed his guns so as to sweep all approaches to it. The occupation of two commanding eminences beyond the creek and on our right, would have greatly strengthened our position, but our force was too weak to admit of the occupation of more than one of them. A battery was laid out on it for one of Randolph's Howitzers. We had only 25 spades, 6 axes and 3 picks, but these were busily plied all day and night of the 7th, and all day on the 8th. On the afternoon of the 8th I learned that a marauding party of the enemy was in a few miles of us. I called for a party of 31 men to drive them back. Lieut. Roberts of F company of my regiment, promptly responded, and in five minutes his command was en route. I detached Major Randolph with one howitzer to join him and Lieut. Col. Lee, 1st regiment N. C. Volunteers, requested and was granted permission to take command of the whole.— After a march of five miles they came across the marauders busy over the spoils of a plundered house. A shell soon put the plunderers to flight, and they were chased over New Market Bridge, where our little force was halted in consequence of the presence of a considerable body stationed on the other side. Lt. Col. Lee brought in one prisoner. How many of the enemy were killed and wounded is not known. None of our command was hurt. Soon after Lt. Col. Lee left, a citizen came dashing in with the information that 75 marauders were on the Back River road. I called for Capt. McIntosh's company E of the 1st regiment N. C. Volunteers, and in three minutes it was in hot pursuit — Lieut. West of the howitzer battalion, with one piece, was detached to join them, and Maj. Lane, of my regiment, volunteered to assume command of the whole. After a weary march they encountered, dispersed and chased the wretches over New Market bridge—this being the second race on the same day over the New Market course, in both of which the Yankees reached the goal first. Maj. Lane brought in one prisoner. Reliable citizens reported that two cart loads and one buggy load of wounded were brought into Hampton. We had not a single man killed or wounded. Colonel Magruder came up that evening and assumed command.

On Sunday the 9th, a fresh supply of tools enabled us to put more men to work, and when not engaged in religious duties the men worked vigorously on the entrenchments. We were aroused at 3 o'clock on Monday morning for a general advance upon the enemy, and marched 3½ miles, when we learned that the foe in large force was within a few hundred yards of us. We fell back hastily upon our entrenchments and awaited the arrival of our invaders.— Lt. Col. Stewart of the 3d Va. regiment having joined us with some 180 men, was stationed on the hill on the extreme right beyond the creek, and company G of my regiment was thrown over the stream to protect the Howitzer under Capt. Brown. Capt. Bridgers of company A 1st N. C. regiment took post in the dense wood beyond and to the left of the bridge. Maj. Montague, with three companies of his battalion, was ordered up from the rear and took post on the right, begining at the church and extending along the entire front on that side. This fine body of men and the gallant command of Lt. Col. Stewart, worked with great rapidity, and in an hour had constructed temporary shelters against the enemy's fire. Just at 9 o'clock A. M., the heavy columns of the enemy were seen approaching rapidly and in good order, but when Randolph opened upon them at 9½ their organization was completely broken up. The enemy promptly replied with his Artillery, firing briskly and avidly, and made an attempt at deployment on our right of the road, under cover of some houses and a pailing. They were, however, promptly driven back by our Artillery, a Virginia company (the Life Guard,) and companies of B, C and G of my regiment. The enemy made no deployment within musket range during the day except under cover of woods, fences or pailing. Under cover of the trees, he moved a strong column to an old ford some ¾ of a mile below where I had placed a pickett of some 40 men.

Col. Magruder sent Capt. Worth's company of Montague's command, with one howitzer under Sergeant Crane, to drive back this column, which was done by a single shot from the howitzer. Before this, a priming wire had been broken in the vent of the howitzer commanded by Capt. Brown and rendered it useless. A force estimated at 1500 was now attempting to out flank us and get in the rear of Lieut. Col. Stewart's small command. He was accordingly directed to fall back and the whole of our advanced troops were withdrawn. At this critical movements I directed Lieut. Col. Lee to call Capt. Bridgers out of the swamp and order him to occupy the nearest advanced work, and I ordered Capt. Ross, company C, 1st Regiment N. C. Volunteers, to the support of Lieut. Col. Stewart. These two Captains with their companies, crossed over to Randolph's battery under a most heavy fire, in the most gallant manner.— As Lieut. Col. Stewart had withdrawn, Capt. Ross was detained at the church near Randolph's battery. Capt. Bridger, however, crossed over and drove the Zouaves out of the advanced howitzer battery and re-occupied it. It is impossible to overestimate this service. It decided the action in our favor. In obedience to orders from Gen. Magruder, Lieut. Colonel Stewart rushed back, and spite of the presence of a foe ten times his superior in numbers, resumed in the most heroic manner possession of his entrenchments. A fresh howitzer was carried across and placed in the battery, and Capt. Avery of company G was directed to defend it at all hazards. We were now as secure as at the begining of the fight, and as yet had no man killed. The enemy finding himself foiled on our right flank next made his final demonstration on our left. A strong column, supposed to consist of volunteers from different regiments and under command of Capt. Winthrop, aid-de-camp to Gen. Butler, crossed over the creek and appeared at the angle on our left. Those in advance had put on our distinctive badge of a white band around the cap, and they cried out repeatedly "don't fire." This ruse was practised to enable the whole column to get over the creek and form in good order. They now begin to cheer most lustily, thinking that our work was open at the gorge and that they could get in by a sudden rush. Companies B and C, however, soon dispelled the illusion by a cool, deliberate and well directed fire. Col. Magruder sent over portions of G, C and H companies of my regiment to our support. And now began as cool firing on our side as was ever witnessed. The three field officers of the regiment were present, and but few shots were fired without their permission, the men repeatedly saying, "may I fire, I think I can bring him." They were all in high glee and seemed to enjoy it as much as boys do rabit shooting. Capt. Winthrop, while most gallantly urging on his men was shot through the heart, when all rushed back with the utmost precipitation. So far as my observation extended, he was the only one of the enemy who exhibited even an approximation to courage during the whole day. The fight at the angle lasted but twenty minutes; it completely discouraged the enemy and he made no further assault. The house in front, which had served as a hiding place for the enemy, was now fired by a shell from a howitzer, and the out-houses and pailings were soon in a blaze. As all shelter was now taken from him, the enemy called in his troops and started back for Hampton. As he had left sharpshooters behind him in the woods on our left the dragoons could not advance until Capt. Hoke of company K, 1st Regiment N. C. Volunteers, had thoroughly explored them. When he gave the assurance of the wood being clear, Capt. Douthatt, with some 100 dragoons pursued. The enemy in his haste, threw away hundreds of canteens, haversacks, overcoats &c., even the dead were thrown out of the wagons. The pursuit soon became a chase and for the third time the enemy won the race over the New Market course. The bridge was torn up behind him and our dragoons returned to camp.

There were not quite 800 of my regiment engaged in the fight, and not one half of these drew a trigger during the fight. All remained manfully at the post assigned and not a man in the regiment behaved badly. The companies not engaged were as much exposed and rendered equal service with those participating in the fight. They deserve equally the thanks of the country. In fact, it is the most trying ordeal to which soldiers can be subjected to receive a fire which their orders forbid them to return. Had a single company left its post, our works would have been exposed. And the constancy and discipline of the unengaged companies cannot be too highly commended.

A detachment of fifteen cadets from the N. C. Military Institute defended the howitzer under Lt. Hudnal, and acted with great coolness and determination.

I cannot speak in too high terms of my two field officers, Lieut. Col. Lee and Maj. Lane. Their services have been of the highest importance since taking the field to the present moment. My thanks are due in an especial manner to Lieut. J. M. Portcat, adjutant, and Lieut. J. W. Ratchford, aid, both of them cadets of the N. C. Military Institute at Charlotte. The latter received a contusion in the forehead from a grape-shot, which nearly cost him his life.

Capt. Bridgers, Company A; Lieut. Owens, commanding company B; Capt. Ross, company C; Capt. Ashe, company D; Capt. McDowell, company E; Capt. Starr, company F; Capt. Avery, company G; Capt. Huske, company H; Lieut. Whitaker company I; and Capt. Hoke, company K; displayed great coolness, judgement and efficiency. Lieut Gregory is highly spoken of by Maj. Lane for soldierly bearing on the 8th. Lieuts. Cook and McKethan company H, crossed over under a heavy fire to the assistance of the troops attached on the left to the [illegible] Lieut. Cohen, company C, Lieut. [illegible] has shown great zeal, energy and judgement as an engineer officer on various occasions.

Corporal Geo. G. Williams, company A, Henry L. Wyatt, Thomas Fellas, John Thorpe, privates company A, volunteered to burn the house which concealed the enemy. Wyatt was killed and the other three were recalled.

Sergeant Thomas J. Brower and private Wm. McDonell, company A, reconnoitered the position of the enemy and went far in advance of our troops. Private J. W. Potts, of Company B, is especially mentioned by his company commander. So are C. L. Wyatt, company C; W. H. McBride, company [illegible], Sergeant J. M. Young, Corporal John Brooks, privates G. H. A. Ad[illegible], R. V. [illegible], G. W. Worley, Jno. C. Wright, T. J. Little, J. F. Jenkins, company G, R. H. Steadman, M. E. Dye, H. E. Boulton, B. Smith, company F; G. W. Robinson, James C. McRae, company B.

CASUALTIES.

Private Henry L. Wyatt, company A, mortally wounded; Lieut. J. W. Ratchford, contusion; Corporal E. Rogers and Chas. Williams, company B, severely; S. Patterson, company A, slightly wounded.

I cannot close this [illegible] report without speaking in the highest terms of admiration of the Howitzer Battalion and its most accomplished commander, Maj. Randolph. He has no superior as an artillerist in any country, and has on this day displayed the utmost skill and coolness. The 6 pr. Howitzer under Lieut. Hudnal being nearest my works came under my especial notice. The names of those at it were as follows:

Lieut. Hudnal, commanding, wounded; Sergt. S. P. Hughes, S. H. Pemberton, R. B. Pleasants, W. M. Coleman, Geo. W. Hobson, W. M. Carthy, H. C. [illegible], wounded, L. W. Timberlake, Geo. H. Hughes, John Werth, D. B. Clark.

Permit me in conclusion to pay a well deserved compliment to the first troops of N. C. Volunteers. They have undergone trial, perseverance under fatigue, courage under fire, have seldom been surpassed by veteran troops. After working night and day, sometimes without tools and cooking utensils, a murmur has never escaped to my knowledge. They have done a large portion of the work on the entrenchments at Yorktown, as well as at Bethel. Had all the regiments in the field worked with the same spirit, there would not be an assailable point in Virginia. After the battle they shook hands all [illegible] with the spades, calling them clever fellows and good friends. The men are influenced by high moral and religious sentiments, and their conduct has furnished another example of the great truth that he who fears God will ever do his duty to his country.

The Confederates had in all about 1200 men in the action. The enemy had the regiments of Col. Duryea, Zouaves; Col. Carr, Col. Allen, Col. Bendick and Col. Wardrop (Massachusetts) from Old Point Comfort, and five companies of Phelps' regiment from Newport News. We had never more than 300 actively engaged at any time. The Confederate loss was 11 wounded, of these one mortally. The enemy must have lost some 300. I could not, without great disparagement of their courage, place their loss at a lower figure. It is inconceivable that 5000 men should make so precipitous a retreat without hav-

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THE ONLY POSITIVE CURE

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SAVES A BIG DOCTOR'S BILL,

IS EASILY TAKEN,

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10,000 Negroes
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10,000 Negroes
Saved Yearly.
Saved Yearly.
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Planters Take Notice,
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Is The Only Sure
Is The Only Sure
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And Positive Remedy
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And Positive Remedy
Before The People
Before The People
Before The People
In Dysentery,
In Dysentery,
In Dysentery,
Diarrhœa,
Diarrhœa,
Diarrhœa,
And Flux.
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And Flux.
It Never Fails.
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W. H. COLEMAN & CO., Proprietors,
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Richmond.

1861. SPRING IMPORTATION. 1861

Clarkson, Anderson & Co.,

No. 136 Main Street, Richmond, Va.,

IMPORTERS of heavy and Fancy Hardware, Cutlery, Guns and "Anchor Bolting Cloth," are in receipt, per ships Morning Star, and Petra, direct to the James River, of their Spring Importations, to which they invite the attention of such merchants as buy for cash or pay promptly, feeling assured all such will find it to their advantage to buy of them.

They are also agents for Fairbank's celebrated Scales.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to orders.

Sept. 1—1y

Petersburg.

FRANKLINTON, N. C., MARCH 18, 1861.—Messrs. Tappey & Lumsden: Gentlemen:—The Hub Horse Power which I bought of you last Spring, and which you warranted to run to thresh my wheat as well as to run my Cotton Gin, has exceeded my expectations so far. I first cut it into the field to thresh my wheat which it did with much ease to the horses. Then I put it into the Gin House to drive my Cotton Gin with forty sawsWhich I ran drive easily with four horses, and pick six thousand pounds of seed cotton per day. I consider your machine far my brother's farm, because in my opinion it is the best power of the kind to use.

Yours truly,

EDGAR WILSON.

Price—Hub Power Flat, Thresher Rel. Price Forty Dollars. The above Horse Powers and Threshers are only manufactured at our Foundry. Our Threshers Combine the New Improvements.

Engines, Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Mill Gearing, Tobacco Presses and Stamps, on hand and made to order.

mch 8—1y TAPPEY & LUMSDEN.

Business Cards.

JOHN A. PRITCHETT, CABINET-MAKER, and dealer in Furniture, near the N. C. Railroad depot, Greensboro', keeps constantly on hand and makes to order all kinds of cabinet furniture, such as dressing, sideboard, wardrobe, bedsteads, chairs, tables, &c. Also, PATENT METALIC BURIAL CASES (Known at present of all others now in use), Frames, Trimmings, Furniture, &c., &c., which he will furnish to order at the shortest notice and on reasonable terms. Work delivered at the cars free of charge. 12feb1y

S. ARCHER & CO., Dealers in
GRAIN AND FLOUR,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Greensboro, N. C.
June 1, 1861—1y

T. E. PENTRESS, Merchant Tailor, No. 14 Commercial street, LYNCHBURG, Va., will receive a new stock from New York, with the latest styles of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, and Furnishing Goods every month. He is particularly anxious to please his customers, and warrants the best goods, and workmanship. Orders solicited. Jan 1, 1861—1y

Professional Cards

DENTAL CARD.—J. A. LINK, of [illegible]

J. W. BOWLETT & SON, DEN-[illegible]

JOHN W. PAYNE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, having permanently located in Greensboro', will practice in the Courts of Guilford, Randolph and Davidson, and promptly attend to the collection of all claims placed in his hands. 1-6ly

JACOB T. BROWN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, High Point, N. C., will attend Court from [illegible]

SCOTT & SCOTT, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW, Greensboro', N. C., will attend the Courts of Guilford, Alamance, Randolph, Davidson, Forsyth, Rockingham and Rockingham. All business entrusted to their care will receive prompt attention. Office in North Elm street, Court House square. 1-6ly

BOOT AND SHOE STORE.—Having [illegible] and [illegible] street, in Greensboro', N. C., will attend to the manufacturing of BOOTS AND SHOES [illegible] and [illegible] with all kinds of business [illegible] they can be [illegible] and [illegible] work.

[illegible] Hotel.

may 25 E. G. GRAHAM & CO.

PIONEER STEAM MILL.—At the urgent solicitation of friends, I have erected, on my plantation 4 miles below this place, a STEAM FLOURING MILL with 2 pairs of Brown's patent Burrs, and will be prepared to grind a large amount of Grain daily. If my services be sustained in this enterprise we will assure those who patronize us that better flour cannot be made than is made in North Carolina. Every portion of the machinery is of the latest improvement and every reasonable effort will be made to give entire satisfaction. Grain will be furnished to all who wish to do it, or toll taken. Those who wish Grain ground and their packed, will do a little, and we assure you it shall not be disappointed.

apr 6—6m W. F. McCONNEL.

DEEP RIVER FEMALE SEMINARY, Randolph County, N. C., opens July 22, 1861. [illegible] respectfully solicited to my supervision, to the course of study in the Seminary under the care of C. E. & A. Spring, Esqrs. Tuition from $8 to $15 per session.

jly 25-2m G. W. HOGE, A. M.

JOB WORK.—The reputation we have acquired for the last few years entitles us to say that our JOB WORK IS COMPETITION WITH THAT OF ANY OFFICE IN THE STATE.

We will do any kind of Printing as neat and as CHEAP as any other office will, and

ALWAYS HAVE IT EXECUTED WHEN PROMISED

Address, JAS. W. ALBRIGHT,
Greensboro, N. C.

NOTICE TO THE FARMERS OF N. C.—As the intercourse between the North and the extreme towns is entirely broken up we have determined to furnish ourselves from our own State with Flour, Hay, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Cheese, Garden Vegetables, &c., &c. Consignments of the above articles are solicited, and will receive prompt and careful attention, by

JOHN F. FOARD,
Wholesale and retail dealer in Provisions and Groceries, near the Old County Wharf, Newbern, N. C.
may 15—6m

SCHOOL DIRECTORY.

A DELIGHTFUL PLACE to LIVE! A splendid place to study! Come to the Ocean-side. We have none of the extremes of heat and cold.—Books and natural scenery there will educate the mind and the soul to the greatest perfection.

We make no pretension over rivals, knowing scholarship to be of greater importance. The AT-LANTIC FEMALE SCHOOL is not sectarian.

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BEULAH MALE INSTITUTE, Madison, Rockingham county, N. C.—A First Class School for Boys, Rev. A. H. Shuck, A. M., Principal. Students thoroughly prepared for College or for the practical duties of life. Discipline thorough and mild. Idleness and dissipation positively forbidden. Tuition $10 to $25. Board $8 per month. Next session opens on Wednesday, January 15th, 1861.

REFERENCES—Hon. Thomas Settle, Hon. W. A. Graham, J. J. Martin, Esq., Gen. Peter Hairston, J. H. Bills, Esq., Col. J. Masten, Wm. Martin, Esq., Hon. Rufus Reid.

nov 2tf

EDGEWORTH FEMALE SEMINARY, Greensboro', N. C.—This Institution has been in successful operation for [illegible] years, and for the last ten years under its present Principal.

The Course of Instruction is designed to afford to Southern Parents an institution in which can be secured on as advantageous terms as in which can be secured on as advantageous terms as in which can be secured on as advantageous terms as in the country.

The Faculty consists of FIVE Gentlemen and FOUR Ladies. The Institution is, in short, complete.

Thoroughly Southern

in its organization. Greensboro is eminently healthy, and in the present excited state of the country, its geographical position renders it a quiet and safe retreat.

The next Session will commence August 1st, 1861.

For Catalogues containing full particulars of terms, &c., apply to RICHARD STERLING, Principal.

June, 1861—2m-15. Greensboro, N. C.

GREENSBORO FEMALE COLLEGE, N. C.—THE FALL SESSION OF 1861 will open on the LAST THURSDAY in July.

It is very desirable that pupils be present at the beginning of the session.

TERMS—Board per session..... $50 00
Tuition..... 20 00

Extra studies at reasonable rates.

For catalogues containing full particulars apply to

jy 13 T. M. JONES, Pres't.

GRAND VIEW FEMALE SEMINARY, Alamance county, N. C., Mrs. NANNIE M. MORTON, Principal, with competent Assistants. This Institution is located in a healthy and intelligent section of country, seven miles north of Graham, the Shire town of the North Carolina Railroad.

TERMS PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS:

Lower English Branches	$ 7 00
Higher English Branches	10 00
Music & Piano	20 00
Use of Instrument	1 00
French	5 00
Oil Painting	10 00
Wax Leaves, Work, and Embroidery, each	5 00
Board, per session	50 00

The 1st session of this Institution will commence on the 15th of July, 1861. Letters should be addressed to

JOCO MORTON,
may15-tf Morton's Store, Alamance co., N. C.

HIGH POINT FEMALE SCHOOL, High Point, North Carolina.

S. LANIER, A. M., Principal.

Miss M. J. TUCKER, }
Miss A. M. HAGEN, } Assistants.
Miss L. A. CANDER, }

The Fall session, 1861, will begin August 6th. Terms [illegible] per month. Tuition in College Latin, French and Singing, Piano, Harp, Use of Piano included.

Extra—Twenty-five dollars per session required in advance at the beginning of the session. Pupils [illegible] during vacation and confine. They must [illegible] A liberal share of patronage is solicited.

may 15tf

KERNERSVILLE HIGH SCHOOLS, MALE AND FEMALE.—Rev. T. S. WHITTINGTON, A. M., Principal.

Miss E. W. WHITTINGTON, Preceptress.

The Fall session will open the 15th of August. Tuition per session of twenty-one weeks, from $10 to $20. Board can be had in the village at $8 per month. The young ladies room is in the Principal's family. Each of the rooms in the Male department is furnished with a stove. The Principal will spare no pains to promote the interest of the pupils. Parents and guardians are requested to visit the Schools at the close of the session. High Point is situated on the North Carolina Railroad, 16 miles south of Greensboro', and 8 miles north of Jamestown. The healthiness of the place is unsurpassed. Our citizens are remarkable for their kindness and hospitality to strangers. Every effort will be made to render the visit of those who may favor us with their presence both pleasant and profitable.

Board can be had in the village at $8 per month. Tuition in the Male department from $10 to $20 per session. Tuition in the Female department from $10 to $20 per session. Music on the Piano, $20 per session. Use of Instrument, $1 per session. Oil Painting, $10 per session. Wax Leaves, Work, and Embroidery, each, $5 per session. Board, per session, $50.

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JAMESTOWN FEMALE COLLEGE, Jamestown, Guilford County, N. C.—The Fall Session of this School will commence on the 15th of August, 1861, and continue five months. The Trustees have [illegible] the services of Miss [illegible] as Principal, who will be assisted by [illegible] Teachers. The Trustees [illegible] the services of Miss [illegible] as Principal, who will be assisted by [illegible] Teachers. The Trustees [illegible] the services of Miss [illegible] as Principal, who will be assisted by [illegible] Teachers.

PATRICK SPRINGS FEMALE COLLEGE, Patrick County, Va.—The Fall session of this School will commence on the first Monday in August, 1861, and continue five months. A great deal of improvement has been [illegible] and several additions made to the grounds and buildings. Our object being to make this School as pleasant as possible, we invite parents to visit us, and see for themselves. We are not expecting health and ease to be the [illegible] of the Institution, but if ever there is the place for it, it is here. Here young ladies [illegible] from the influences and follies of city society, and [illegible] their studies, and secure their affections. [illegible] will be there to relieve the [illegible] of [illegible] and [illegible] their young ladies to be in attendance at the beginning of the Session, and [illegible] during the session.

We have no extra charges and [illegible] made in cases of protracted sickness. Extra charges only for [illegible] at extra rates, the [illegible] at charges of parents.

Expenses per session of five months—Entrance Fee, $5; Board, including washing, fuel, lights, &c., $50; Tuition in English Branches, $10; Ancient Languages, each, $10; Music, $20; Painting, in oil, $10; Painting in water colors, $10; Drawing and Ancient and Modern Languages, each, $10; Drawing and [illegible] each, $10; Boarding and washing for [illegible] per session.

For further information address the President,

REV. W. R. MOORE, A. M.,
may 8-6m Patrick Springs, Va.

THE CHILDREN MUST BE EDUCATED.—The children must be educated, and as a [illegible] offers his services as Teacher in a private school, who formerly Tutor in Independence College, in Va., requires testimonials of unquestionable character if required. Any persons wishing to employ will please address, giving full particulars, so that I can rely upon their offer. None need apply unless he is willing to pay well, as I will be responsible that the school will pay well. Address,

G. J. BARTLEY,
Short Hill, Va.

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA.—The next collegiate year will [illegible] day, 10th July, 1861.

The large and well arranged [illegible] containing Recitation Rooms, Society Halls and forty Dormitories, have just been completed and ready for occupancy. The Libraries and Cabinets are receiving constant additions. The corps of Instructors is full and efficient, and in all the departments of the Institution the means and opportunities for improvement greater than at any former period.

The Establishment of Chapel Hill is proverbial.

June 22—6w D. L. SWAIN, President.

WATSONVILLE FEMALE SEMINARY.—The Spring session of this school will commence on the First Monday in February, 1861, and continue five months. We have in our employ a full corps of teachers, and no pains will be spared to promote the advancement of young ladies who may patronize us.

E. F. WATSON.

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